Precalculus P.1: Real Numbers (Inequalities and Exponent Rules)			Name: Period:		
PART I: INEQUALITIES					
	Inequality Notation	Graph	Written Description	Interval Notation	Interval Type
1.	$-2 \leq x \leq 5$	-2 5	x is Greater Man or = to -2 & less than	[-2,5]	Closed, Bounded
2.	$3 < x \le 9$	((mm))	G = 105	(3,9]	Half open, Bounded
3.	<i>x</i> > 1	3 9 ($(1, \infty)$	unbunded
4.	×1-5	Lovor -5 -7		(-∞,-5]	CI osed Unbounded
5.	-54×41	(+mm) -5		[-5,1]	half open, bounded
6.	-24×41	\leftarrow + + \leftarrow + + \leftarrow + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		(-2,1)	open, bounded
7.	X 4 5	-5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5		(-00,5)	open, Unbounded
8.	52×49	Low g	x is greater than 5 and less than or equal to 9	(5,9]	half open, bounded
9.	$x \leq -2$ or $x > 3$	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	($\mathcal{V}(3,\infty)$	

PART II: EXPONENT PROPERTIES

(3x y 4.7 Examples Property You Try! 2. $x^5 \cdot x^2 = \chi^7$ **1.** $3^2 \cdot 3^1 = 3^3$ $u^m u^n = u^{m+n}$ 4. $\frac{2^6}{2^3} = 2^3$ $\frac{u^m}{u^n} = u^{m-n}$ 3. $\frac{m^4}{m^3} = M^4$ = x° 6. $z^{-2}z^2 = 2^\circ = 1$ $u^0 = 1$ 5. $s^0 = l$ $u^{-n} = \frac{1}{u^n}$ 7. 4^{-1} 8. $\frac{x^{5}}{x^{7}} = \chi^{-2} = \frac{1}{\chi^{2}}$ **10.** $(2x)^3$ **3 3 9.** $(jk)^2$ 2 $(uv)^m = u^m v^m$

$$\frac{u''}{(uv)^m = u^m v^m} = 9. \ (jk)^2 \ j^2 \ k^2 \qquad 10. \ (2x)^3 \ 2^3 \ x^3 \qquad (u^m)^n = u^{mn} \qquad 11. \ (3m^3)^2 = 3^2 \ m^6 \qquad 12. \ (x^2y)^4 \qquad \chi^8 \ y^4 \qquad (\frac{u}{v})^m = \frac{u^m}{v^m} \qquad 13. \ (\frac{p}{k})^3 = \frac{p^3}{k^3} \qquad 14. \ (\frac{2p^2}{3k})^2 = \frac{v^2 \ p^4}{3^2 \ k^2} \qquad 3^2 \ k^2 \$$