# Geometry Review Chapter 7

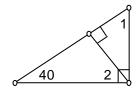
1) The measure of three of the angles of a quadrilateral are $40^{\circ}$ , $70^{\circ}$ , and $130^{\circ}$ . What is the measure of the $4^{\text{th}}$ angle?
2) What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles, one per vertex, of a dodecagon?
3) If the measure of an exterior angle of a regular polygon is $15^{\circ}$ , how many sides does the polygon have?
4) If a polygon has 33 sides, what is a) The sum of the measures of the angles of the polygon?
b) The number of diagonals of the polygon?
c) The sum of the measures of the exterior angles, one per vertex, of the polygon?
5) The sum of the measures of the angles of a polygon is $1620^{\circ}$ . How many sides does the polygon have?
6) The number of diagonals in a polygon is 44. How many sides does the polygon have?
7) What is the measure of each angle in a regular octagon?
8) What is the measure of each exterior angle in a regular dodecagon?
9) If an interior angle of a regular polygon is $108^\circ$ , what is the measure of the exterior angle?

10) If each exterior angle of a regular polygon is  $60^{\circ}$ , how many sides does the polygon have?

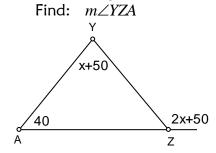
11) If each interior angle of a regular polygon is  $140^{\circ}$ , how many sides does the polygon have?

12) An exterior angle of a regular polygon is 1/3 the measure of an interior angle of the polygon. How many sides does the polygon have? What is the name of this polygon?

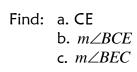
13) Given: Diagram as marked Find:  $m \angle 1$  and  $m \angle 2$ 

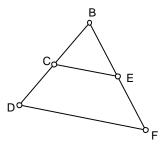


14) Given: Diagram



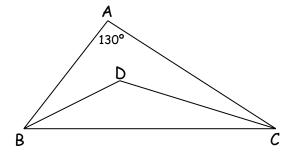
15) Given: C is the midpoint of  $\overline{BD}$ E is the midpoint of  $\overline{BF}$ DF = 12  $m\angle D = 80^{\circ}$ ,  $m\angle B = 60^{\circ}$ 





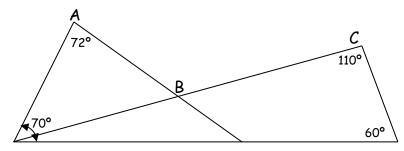
#### 16) Always, Sometimes, Never

- a. An equiangular triangle is isosceles.
- b. The number of diagonals in a polygon is the same as the number of sides.
- c. An equilateral polygon is regular.
- d. An equiangular polygon is regular.
- e. The exterior angle of a triangle is larger than any interior angle.
- f. If you double the lengths of the sides of a triangle, then you double the measures of all the interior angles.
- 17) In  $\triangle ABC$ , m $\angle A = 130^{\circ}$ , and  $\angle ABC$  and  $\angle ACB$  have been bisected. Find m $\angle D$ .

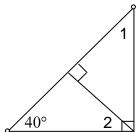


18) The sum of five of the six angles of a hexagon is 650°. What is the measure of the sixth angle?

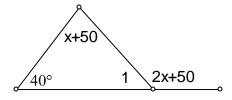
19) Find m∠ABC.



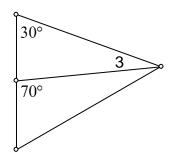
### 21) Find the measure of angles 1 and 2.



### 22) Find the measure of angle 1.



### 23) Find the measure of angle 3.



## 24) Find the measure of angles 1 and 2.

