

Scrabble Review KEY

Monday, May 4, 2015 2:14 PM

A large area of horizontal blue lines for writing, with a vertical red margin line on the left side.

Conics Review

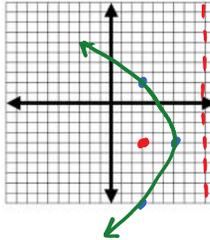
Calculator OK



1. Write an equation for each conic section described below. Use the graph to help you (if you need it!)

a. Focus (3, -4) and directrix of $x = 9$

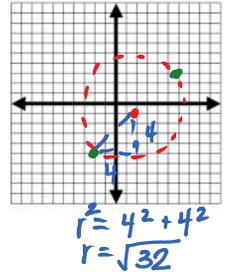
$$(y+4)^2 = -12(x-6)$$



b. Of a circle whose diameter has endpoints located at (-2, -5) and (6, 3).

$$\Delta x = 8 \quad \Delta y = 8 \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{matrix} \Delta x \\ \Delta y \end{matrix}} \right\} r = 4$$

$$(x-2)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 32$$



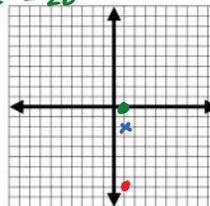
c. Of the ellipse with a center at (1, -8), a focus at (1, -2), and the end of the major axis at (1, 0) $b = 8, f = 6$

$$f = \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}$$

$$b = \sqrt{6^2 - a^2}$$

$$a^2 = 28$$

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{28} + \frac{(y+8)^2}{64} = 1$$



d. Of a hyperbola with foci at (6, 0) and (-6, 0); transverse axis length = 8.

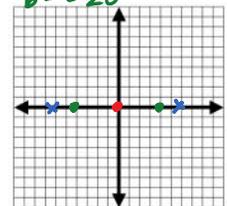
$$a = 4, f = 6$$

$$f = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$b = \sqrt{6^2 - 4^2}$$

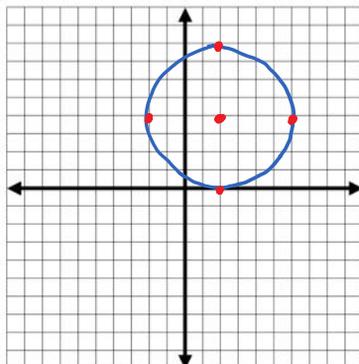
$$b^2 = 20$$

$$\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{20} = 1$$



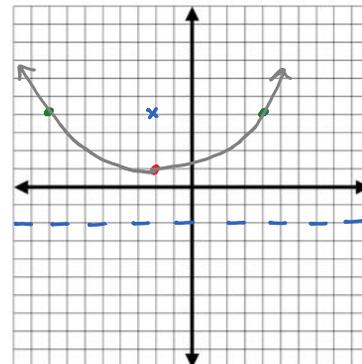
2. Graph the conic section on the grid given. Identify features such as the vertex, equation of the directrix, focus point, focal width (parabola); center, endpoints of the major/minor axis and foci (ellipse); radius and center (circle); center, vertices, slope of the asymptotes and foci (hyperbola).

a. $(x-2)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 16$



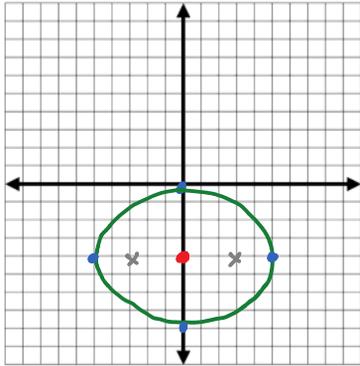
CIRCLE
 $r = 4$
 center: (2, 4)

b. $(x+2)^2 = 12(y-1)$



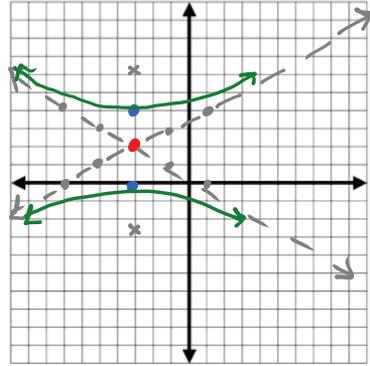
PARABOLA
 directrix: $y = -2$
 focus: (-2, 4)
 vertex: (-2, 1)
 FW = 12

c. $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{(y+4)^2}{16} = 1$ $F = \sqrt{25-16} = \sqrt{9} = 3$



ELLIPSE
 center: (0, -4)
 major axis: (-5, -4)
 (5, -4)
 minor axis: (0, 0)
 (0, -8)
 focus: (-3, -4)
 (3, -4)

d. $\frac{4(y-2)^2}{16} - \frac{(x+3)^2}{16} = \frac{16}{16} \Rightarrow \frac{(y-2)^2}{4} - \frac{(x+3)^2}{16} = 1$



hyperBOLA
 center: (-3, 2)
 Vertices: (-3, 4)
 (-3, 0)
 $m = \pm 1/2$
 $F = (-3, 2 + \sqrt{20})$

3. Write parametric equations for each of the following.

- a. An ellipse whose center is at (-2, 3) and whose major axis (vertical) has length 10 and minor axis of length 2.

$$x = -2 + 5 \cos t$$

$$y = 3 + \sin t$$

- b. Write the parametric equations of a circle whose center is at (-1, 4) and has radius of length 4.

$$x = -1 + 4 \cos t$$

$$y = 4 + 4 \sin t$$

c. $\frac{(y-3)^2}{25} - \frac{(x+1)^2}{9} = 1$ $x = -1 + 3 \tan t$
 $y = 3 + 5 \sec t$

4. Eliminate the parameter:

- a. $x = 3 + 4 \cos t$; $y = -1 + 6 \sin t$ ellipse

$$\frac{(x-3)^2}{16} + \frac{(y+1)^2}{36} = 1$$

- b. $x = -2 + 3 \sec t$; $y = 1 + 4 \tan t$ hyperbola

$$\frac{(x+2)^2}{9} - \frac{(y-1)^2}{16} = 1$$

5. For each expanded equation, write down the name of the shape and then put it into general form.

a. $9y^2 - 25x^2 - 36y - 150x - 414 = 0$
 $9y^2 - 36y - 25x^2 - 150x = 414$
 $9(y^2 - 4y + 4) - 25(x^2 + 6x + 9) = 414 + 36 - 225$
 $\frac{9(y-2)^2}{225} - \frac{25(x+3)^2}{225} = \frac{225}{225}$
 $\frac{(y-2)^2}{25} - \frac{(x+3)^2}{9} = 1$ (hyperbola)

b. $3x^2 - 6x = 6y - 15$
 $3(x^2 - 2x + 1) = 6y - 15 + 3$
 $\frac{3(x-1)^2}{3} = \frac{6(y-2)}{3}$
 $(x-1)^2 = 2(y-2)$ (parabola)