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- ① $x=1$ ② $x=-5,3$ ③ $x=-7,2$ ④ $x = \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{73}}{8}$ ⑤ $x=-4$ ⑥ $x = \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{105}}{16}$
 ⑦ $x=2,5$ ⑧ $x=-5,3$ ⑨ $x=3,4$ ⑩ $x=-6,-1$ ⑪ $x = \frac{1}{2}$ ⑫ $x = \frac{3}{2}$
 ⑬ $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

Solutions

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \frac{x-2}{3} + \frac{x+5}{3} &= \frac{1}{3} \\ x-2 + x+5 &= 1 \\ 2x+3 &= 1 \\ 2x &= -2 \\ x &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \frac{x \cdot x}{x} + \frac{2 \cdot x}{x} &= \frac{15}{x} && \text{check!} \\ \frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{2x}{x} &= \frac{15}{x} && -5+2 = \frac{15}{-5} \\ x^2 + 2x &= 15 && -3 = -3 \checkmark \\ x^2 + 2x - 15 &= 0 && 3+2 = \frac{15}{3} \\ (x+5)(x-3) &= 0 && 5 = 5 \checkmark \\ x &= -5, 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \frac{x \cdot x}{x} + \frac{5 \cdot x}{x} &= \frac{14}{x} \\ \frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{5x}{x} &= \frac{14}{x} \\ x^2 + 5x &= 14 \\ x^2 + 5x - 14 &= 0 \\ (x+7)(x-2) &= 0 \\ x &= -7, 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \frac{1}{x} \frac{(x-3)}{(x-3)} - \frac{2}{x-3} \frac{x}{x} &= \frac{4x(x-3)}{x(x-3)} \\ \frac{x-3}{x(x-3)} - \frac{2x}{x(x-3)} &= \frac{4x^2-12x}{x(x-3)} \\ x-3-2x &= 4x^2-12x \\ -x-3 &= 4x^2-12x \\ 0 &= 4x^2-11x+3 \\ x &= \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{121-4(12)}}{2(4)} \\ x &= \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{73}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{5} \frac{x \cdot x-3}{x-3} + \frac{4x}{x-3} &= \frac{12}{x-3} \\ x^2-3x+4x &= 12 \\ x^2+x-12 &= 0 \\ (x+4)(x-3) &= 0 \\ x &= -4, 3 \\ &\uparrow \\ &\text{extraneous} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{6} \frac{3}{x-1} \cdot \frac{x}{x} + \frac{2}{x} \frac{(x-1)}{(x-1)} &= \frac{8x(x-1)}{x(x-1)} \\ 3x+2x-2 &= 8x^2-8x \\ 5x-2 &= 8x^2-8x \\ 0 &= 8x^2-13x+2 \\ x &= \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{169-4(16)}}{2(8)} \\ x &= \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{105}}{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{7} \frac{x \cdot x}{x} + \frac{10}{x} &= \frac{7 \cdot x}{x} \\ x^2 + 10 &= 7x \\ x^2 - 7x + 10 &= 0 \\ (x-5)(x-2) &= 0 \\ x &= 2, 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{8} \frac{x \cdot x}{x} + \frac{2 \cdot x}{x} &= \frac{15}{x} \\ x^2 + 2x &= 15 \\ x^2 + 2x - 15 &= 0 \\ (x+5)(x-3) &= 0 \\ x &= -5, 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{9} \frac{x \cdot x}{x} + \frac{12}{x} &= \frac{7 \cdot x}{x} \\ x^2 + 12 &= 7x \\ x^2 - 7x + 12 &= 0 \\ (x-4)(x-3) &= 0 \\ x &= 3, 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{10} \frac{x \cdot x}{x} + \frac{6}{x} &= \frac{-7 \cdot x}{x} \\ x^2 + 6 &= -7x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{11} \frac{2x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} - \frac{1}{x+1} \frac{x}{x} &= \frac{1}{x(x+1)} \\ 2x^2 + 2x - x &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{12} \frac{2x^2+4x}{x^2+4x} - \frac{3}{x+4} \frac{x}{x} &= \frac{12}{x(x+4)} \\ 2x^2 + 8x - 3x &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (10) \quad x \frac{x}{x} + \frac{6}{x} &= -7 \frac{x}{x} \\ x^2 + 6 &= -7x \\ x^2 + 7x + 6 &= 0 \\ (x+6)(x+1) &= 0 \\ x &= -6, -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (11) \quad \frac{2x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} - \frac{1}{x+1} &= \frac{1}{x(x+1)} \\ 2x^2 + 2x - x &= 1 \\ 2x^2 + x - 1 &= 0 \\ (2x-1)(x+1) &= 0 \\ x &= 1/2, \cancel{x} \leftarrow \text{extraneous!} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (12) \quad \frac{2x^2+4x}{x^2+4x} - \frac{3}{x+4} &= \frac{12}{x(x+4)} \\ 2x^2 + 8x - 3x &= 12 \\ 2x^2 + 5x &= 12 \\ 2x^2 + 5x - 12 &= 0 \\ (2x-3)(x+4) &= 0 \\ x &= 3/2, \cancel{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (13) \quad \frac{3x}{x+5} \frac{(x-2)}{(x-2)} + \frac{1}{x-2} \frac{(x+5)}{(x+5)} &= \frac{7}{(x+5)(x-2)} \\ 3x^2 - 6x + x + 5 &= 7 \\ 3x^2 - 5x - 2 &= 0 \\ (3x+1)(x-2) &= 0 \\ x &= -1/3, \cancel{x} \end{aligned}$$